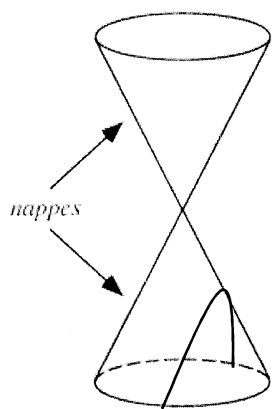


Parabolas

Anton 12.2

Double Right Cone



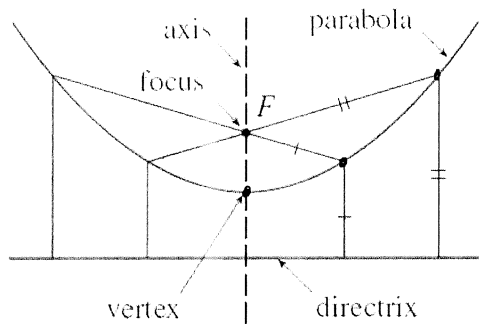
How could we slice
the cone with a plane
to get a parabola?

PARALLEL TO SLANT HT. (NOT
THRU VERTEX)

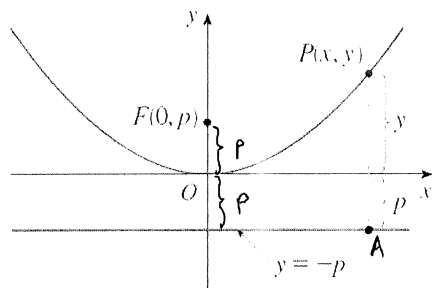


Geometric definition of a parabola:

A set of coplanar points equidistant from a point (focus) and a line (directrix.)



Find the equation of the parabola below:



$$PF = PA$$

$$(x-0)^2 + (y-p)^2 = (y+p)^2$$

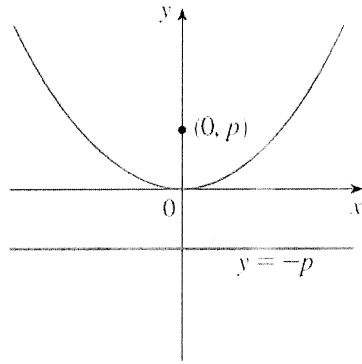
$$x^2 + y^2 - 2yp + p^2 = y^2 + 2yp + p^2$$

$$x^2 = 4py$$

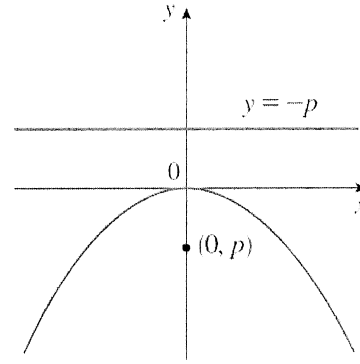
p = DISTANCE FROM FOCUS TO VERTEX
 p = DISTANCE FROM VERTEX TO DIRECTRIX



Standard Parabolas: V(0,0); axis of symmetry is the y - axis.



(a) $x^2 = 4py, p > 0$

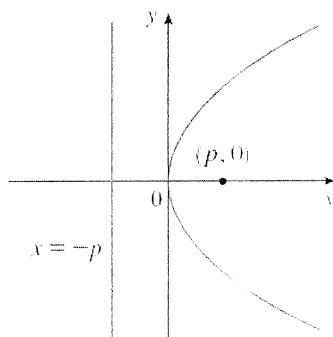


(b) $x^2 = 4py, p < 0$

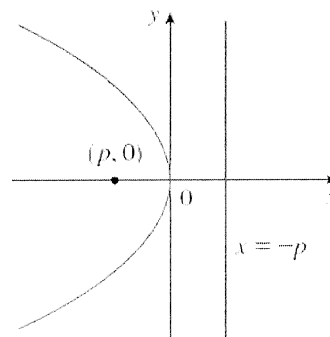
$x^2 = -4py (p > 0)$



Standard Parabolas: V(0,0); axis of symmetry is the x - axis.



(c) $y^2 = 4px, p > 0$



(d) $y^2 = 4px, p < 0$

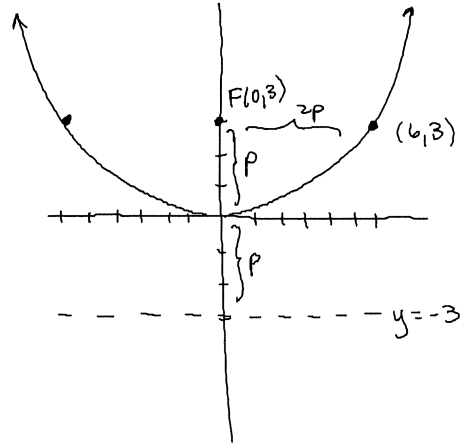
$y^2 = -4px (p > 0)$



Sketch the graph.

$$x^2 = \underbrace{12y}_{4p}$$

$$p = 3$$



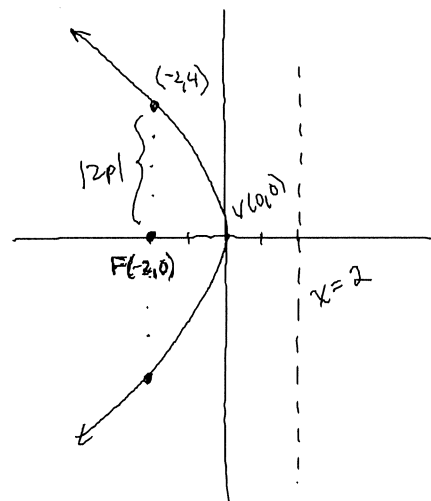
→

Sketch the graph.

$$y^2 + 8x = 0$$

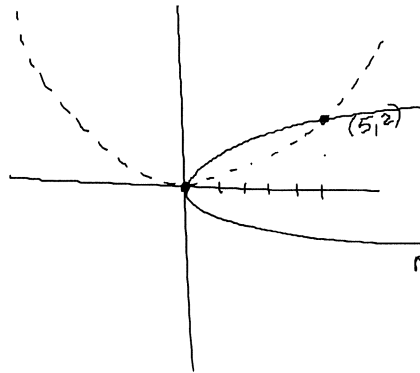
$$y^2 = \underbrace{-8x}_{4p}$$

$$p = -2$$



→

Find the equation of the parabola with $V(0,0)$ going through $(5,2)$.



OPENS UP

$$x^2 = 4py$$

$$5^2 = 4p(2)$$

$$\frac{25}{2} = 4p$$

$$\frac{25}{8} = p$$

$$x^2 = \frac{25}{2}y$$

$$F(0, \frac{25}{8})$$

OPENS RT:

$$y^2 = 4px$$

$$2^2 = 4p(5)$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = 4p$$

$$y^2 = \frac{4}{5}x$$

$$F(15, 0)$$

→

Parabolas with Vertex (h,k)

$$(x-h)^2 = \pm 4p(y-k) \rightarrow \text{Opens up or down}$$

$$(y-k)^2 = \pm 4p(x-h) \rightarrow \text{Opens left or right}$$

→

Sketch the graph.

$$y^2 - 8x - 6y - 23 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 6y + \frac{9}{4} = 8x + 23 + \frac{9}{4}$$

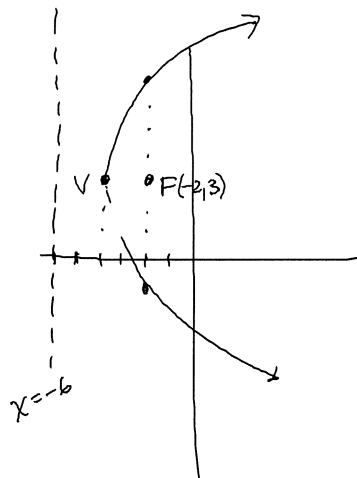
$$(y-3)^2 = 8x + 32$$

$$(y-3)^2 = 8(x+4)$$

$$p=2$$

$$V(-4, 3)$$

OPENS RT



→

Equations of Parabolas in Quadratic Form

$$y = Ax^2 + Bx + C \quad (A \neq 0) \quad \text{Opens up or down}$$

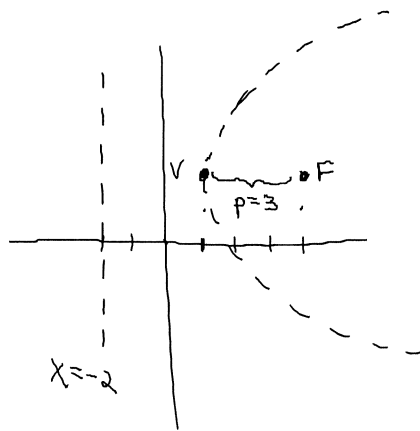
$$\begin{array}{cc} \downarrow & \downarrow \\ A > 0 & A < 0 \end{array}$$

$$x = Ay^2 + By + C \quad (A \neq 0) \quad \text{Opens left or right}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} \downarrow & \downarrow \\ A < 0 & A > 0 \end{array}$$

→

Find the equation of the parabola with vertex (1,2) and focus (4,2).

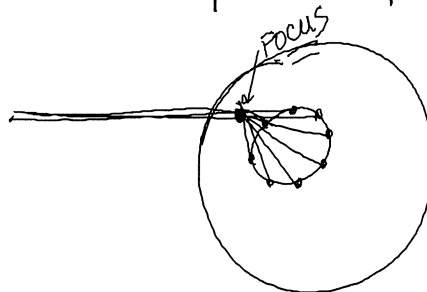
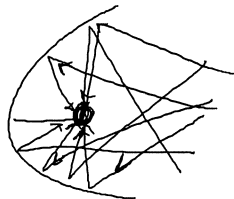
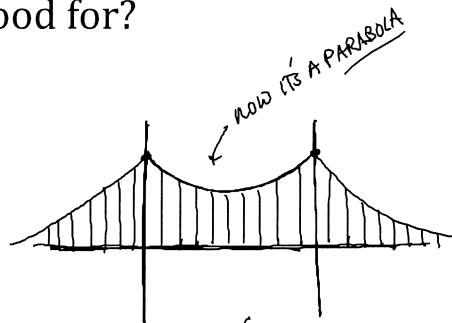
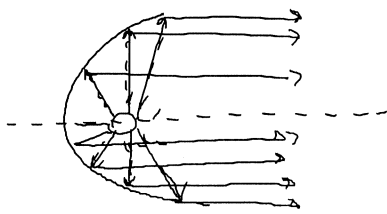


$$(y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h)$$

$$(y-2)^2 = 12(x-1)$$



What are parabolas good for?



Homework: Anton 12.2

**# 1 - 33 every other odd, 36,
37**

