

## Chapter 7 Study Guide: Egypt, Kush, and Canaan

1. Which river improved the soil by leaving silt when it flooded each year?
2. Describe the topography of ancient Egypt?
3. In addition to catching fish, how else was the Mediterranean Sea used?
4. How was the Sea of Galilee different from the Mediterranean and Red Seas?
5. Reeds and papyrus were useful sources of vegetation along the \_\_\_\_\_ River.
6. Which ancient civilization was settled south of Egypt?
7. What environmental physical feature helped protect people in Kush from invaders?
8. True or False: Herders in Canaan were considered “nomads” because they had to wander.
9. Which river in Canaan did not flood regularly like the Nile?
10. Which physical feature was most important to ancient settlers?
11. What is the name for the “mouth of the Nile” that is full of marshy, wet land?
12. Which major sea is a border of Canaan?
13. Which sea is so salty that no organisms live there?
14. True or False: The Jordan River is the area that has the most vegetation in Canaan.
15. Since the land is hilly and dry in Canaan, how did most people make a living?
16. Name 3 ways the Nile River was important to the ancient Egyptians.
17. How were deserts helpful to early settlers?
18. How were the Sea of Galilee and the Jordan River important to the Israelites?
19. Explain which settlement had the best resources and why.
20. Draw a Venn Diagram that compares Egypt and Kush.