Q-Matrix

Focus of Instruction

- Asking questions
- Answering questions
- Building comprehension

Overview

The Q-Matrix (Kagan, 2008) is designed to help students in question writing and answering. The Q-Matrix includes 36 question stems arranged in a cognitive hierarchy. Stems 1–12 can generate literal questions, stems 13–24 can generate inferential questions, and stems 25–36 can generate evaluative questions.

Directions

- Step 1: Introduce the Q-Matrix. Model how to use a stem to generate a question about a recent text. For example, I'm going to use stem 5 to write a question about *The Day It Snowed Marshmallows*. Write *Why was* on chart paper. Read the words aloud; then continue writing and reading your question. Why was the boy unhappy at the beginning of the story?
- **Step 2:** Guide students in using the same stem to generate another question about the same text.
- **Step 3:** Encourage students to choose a different stem and generate their own questions about the text.

Teacher Tips

In some cases, you will need to pull the words in a stem apart. For example, you might use stem 7, *What did*, to generate this question: *What* name *did* the town give to the mountain of marshmallows?

Extensions

The full Q-Matrix might seem overwhelming to some readers. The Q-Matrix can be used more selectively by allowing student to choose one stem for a reading selection. You can also focus the use of the stems by assigning one stem or several stems during a discussion. And for more of challenge, assign a row or column.

Prompt students to answer their own and each other's questions. Encourage them to look back in the text and cite evidence to support their answer.



Q-Matrix (continued)

		Q-Matrix	trix		1
1. What is/was? What are?	2. Where/When is/ was? Where/When are?	3. Which is/ was? Which are?	4. Who is/was? Who are?	5. Why is/was? Why are?	6. How is/was? How are?
7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
What do? What does? What did?	Where/When do? Where/When does? Where/When did?	Which do? Which does? Which did?	Who do? Who does? Who did?	Why do? Why does? Why did?	How do? How does? How did?
13. What can?	14. Where/When can?	15. Which can?	<mark>16</mark> . Who can?	17. Why can?	18. How can?
19. What could/ should?	20. Where/When could/should?	21. Which could/ should?	22. Who could/ should?	23. Why could/ should?	24. How could/ should?
25. What will?	26. Where/When will?	27. Which will?	28. Who will?	29. Why will?	<mark>30.</mark> How will?
31. What might?	32. Where/When might?	33. Which might?	34. Who might?	35. Why might?	36. How might?

Based on the Q-Matrix in *Cooperative Learning and Higher Level Thinking: The Q Matrix* by Chuck Wiederhold and Spencer Kagan. Kagan Cooperative Learning, 1998.

