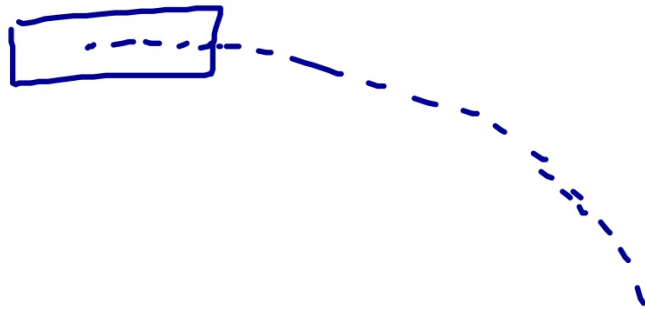


Bellwork 4/11

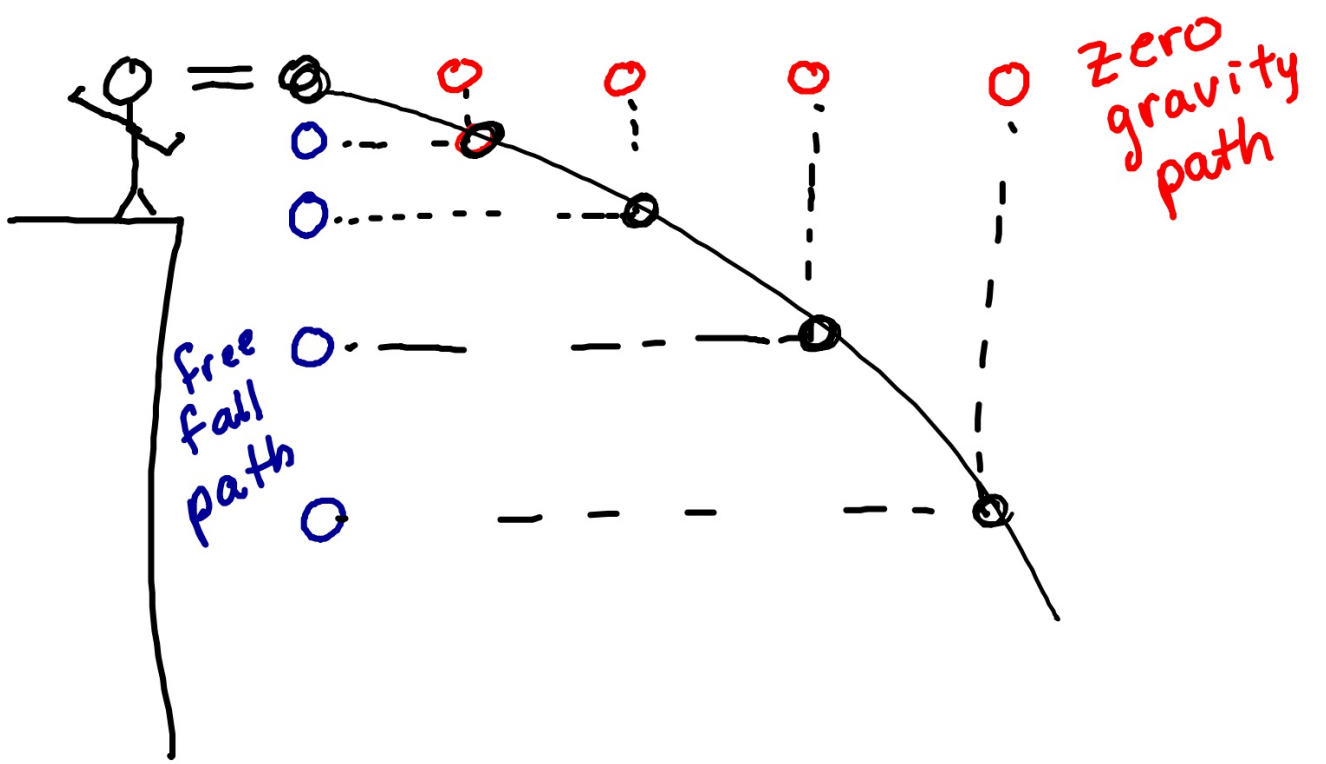
Suppose you drop your notebook out the window of a moving car. Describe its trajectory

Parabola



Projectile Motion

- An object flying thru a vacuum.
- Only force acting on it gravity (ignore air resistance)
- Parabolic Trajectory



When solving Problems,
separate the x and y
direction variables:

x = horizontal

y = vertical

x-direction

$$a_x = 0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\vec{V}_x = \frac{\Delta \vec{X}}{\Delta t}$$

(need to
know 2 of
3 variables)

V_x does not
change

y-direction

$$a_y = -9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = -g$$

$$\Delta \vec{y} = \vec{V}_{iy} \Delta t + \frac{a_y \Delta t^2}{2}$$

$$\Delta \vec{y} = \left(\frac{V_{iy} + V_{fy}}{2} \right) \Delta t$$

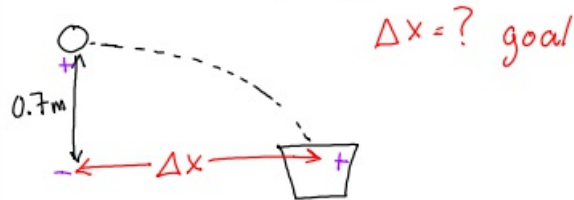
$$V_{fy}^2 = V_{iy}^2 + 2a_y(\Delta y)$$

$$a_y = \frac{V_{fy} - V_{iy}}{\Delta t}$$

If you know
3 variables,
you can find the
other 2

Δt is the same in x or
y direction because it is a
scalar.

Example 1) A car is moving at $10 \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{hr}}$ when a water balloon is dropped out the window from a height of 0.7m above a bucket. How far behind the bucket should the balloon be dropped?



x-direction

$$\Delta \vec{x} = ?$$

$$\vec{V}_x = 10 \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{hr}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ s}} \times \frac{1609 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ mi}} = 4.47 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\Delta t = 0.38 \text{ s} \quad V_x = \frac{\Delta \vec{x}}{\Delta t}$$

y-direction

$$\Delta \vec{y} = -0.7 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{V}_{iy} = 0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\vec{V}_{fy} = \text{NOT ZERO (unknown)}$$

$$\vec{a}_y = -9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\Delta t = \text{Find } \Delta t$$

$$\Delta y = V_{iy} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_y \Delta t^2$$

$$-0.7 \text{ m} = (0) \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) \Delta t^2$$

$$2(-0.7 \text{ m}) = (\frac{1}{2} (-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) \Delta t^2) 2$$

$$2(-0.7 \text{ m}) = (-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) \Delta t^2$$

$$\frac{-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}{-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}} = \frac{-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}{-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2(-0.7 \text{ m})}{-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}} = \sqrt{\Delta t^2}$$

$$0.38 \text{ s} = \Delta t$$