

# Bellwork



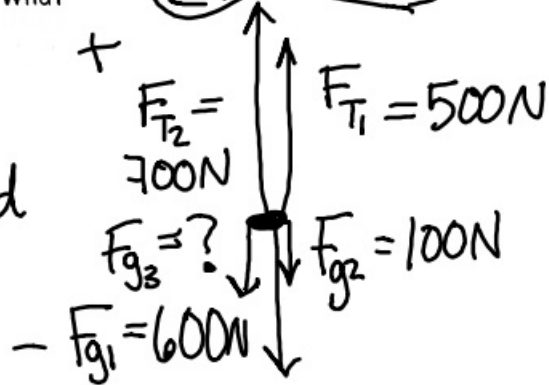
Note the readings on the scales. But the painter has a weight of 600 N, and carries a 100-N bucket of paint. What is the weight of the scaffold?

Hint: Draw a FBD for the scaffold.

Then use

$$\Sigma F = ma$$

FBD  
scaffold



$$\Sigma F = ma$$

$$+F_{T1} + F_{T2} - F_{g1} - F_{g2} - F_{g3} = ma \rightarrow 0$$

$$500\text{N} + 700\text{N} - 600\text{N} - 100\text{N} - F_{g3} = 0$$

$$500\text{N} - F_{g3} = 0$$

weight of scaffold  $F_{g3} = 500\text{N}$

$$F_g = mg$$

$$\frac{500\text{N}}{9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}} = \frac{m(9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})}{9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}$$

mass of scaffold  $m = 51.02 \text{ kg}$

# Physics I - Elevators and Apparent Weight

Actual Weight =  $F_g = mg$  (gravity Force)

Apparent Weight =  $F_N = \text{normal force}$

Often  $F_N = F_g$ , but not always!

Consider a person in an elevator...  
 \* When only 2 forces, Strongest force points same direction as acceleration.  
 Constant Velocity (up or down)

At rest



$\vec{a} = 0 \frac{m}{s^2}$   
 $\vec{v} = 0 \frac{m}{s}$   
 Balanced  
 $F_N = F_g$



$\vec{a} = 0$   
 $\vec{v}$  is  $\uparrow$  or  $\downarrow$   
 $F_N = F_g$

Slowing Down While Rising



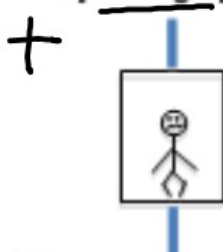
$\vec{a}$  is (-)  
 $\vec{v}$  is (+)  
 $F_g > F_N$

Slowing Down While Descending



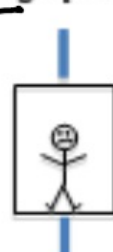
$\vec{a}$  is (+)  
 $\vec{v}$  is (-)  
 $F_N > F_g$

Speeding Up While Rising



$\vec{a}$  is (+)  
 $\vec{v}$  is (+)  
 $F_N > F_g$

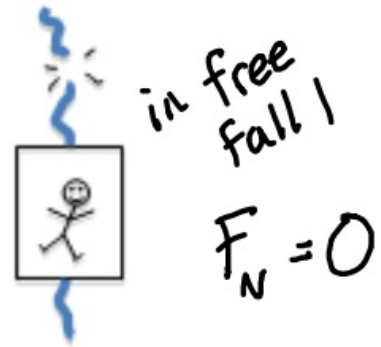
Speeding Up While Descending



$\vec{a}$  is (-)  
 $\vec{v}$  is (-)  
 $F_g > F_N$

What happens if the elevator cord is cut?

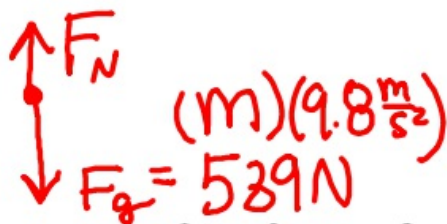
$$\begin{aligned}
 + & \quad \Sigma F = ma \\
 & \quad -F_g = ma \\
 - & \quad \downarrow F_g \quad -mg = ma \\
 & \quad -9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} = a
 \end{aligned}$$



Ex) If a 55 kg person in an elevator accelerates downwards at  $1.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ . What fraction of their original weight do they seem to have?

RATIO:  $\frac{\text{Apparent weight}}{\text{Actual weight}} = \frac{\hat{F}_N}{F_g} = \frac{457N}{539N} = 0.85$  *negative*

Find  $F_N$ :  $\Sigma F = ma$



$$F_N - F_g = ma$$

$$F_N - 539N = (55kg)(-1.5)$$

$$\boxed{F_N = 457N}$$

Ex) If a rope can withstand 200 N of tension before breaking, how quickly can you lift (accelerate) a 10 kg box before the rope breaks?

$$\uparrow F_T = 200N \quad \Sigma F = ma$$

$$F_T - F_g = ma$$

$$200N - 98N = (10kg)a$$

$$F_g = (10kg)(9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}) = 98N$$

$$\frac{102N}{10kg} = a$$

$$\boxed{a = +10.2 \frac{m}{s^2}}$$

1.  $\ddot{\alpha} = -1.5 \frac{m}{s^2} \checkmark$

2.  $F_T = 18,540 N$

3.  $m = 1.54 kg$

4.  $a = -3.5 \frac{m}{s^2}$

+  $F_{air} = (0.85)(666 N) = 566 N$

-  $F_g = mg = (68 kg)(9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}) = 666 N$

$\Sigma F = ma$   
 $+F_{air} - F_g = ma$

$566 N - 666 N = (68 kg)a$

$-100 N = (68 kg)a$

$a = -1.5 \frac{m}{s^2}$

2. +  $F_T = ?$

-  $F_g = (1,800 kg)(9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}) = 17,640 N$

$\Sigma F = ma$   
 $+F_T - F_g = m \cdot a$  *→ +0.5  $\frac{m}{s^2}$  "lifted"*

$F_T - 17,640 N = (1,800 kg)(0.5 \frac{m}{s^2})$

FBD (fish)

+  $F_T = 22 N$

-  $F_g = mg = (9.8 \frac{m}{s^2})m$

$\Sigma F = ma$

$+F_T - F_g = ma$

$22 N - (9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}) \cdot m = m \cdot (4.5 \frac{m}{s^2})$   
 ~~$+9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot m$~~   $+9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot m$

$\frac{22 N}{14.3} = \frac{(14.3 \frac{m}{s^2})m}{14.3}$

$1.54 kg = m$

4. +  $F_T = 63 N$

-  $F_g = (10 kg)(9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}) = 98 N$

$\Sigma F = ma$

$F_T - F_g = ma$

$63 N - 98 N = (10 kg)a$

Speeding up  $a = -3.5 \frac{m}{s^2}$  "lowered" velocity