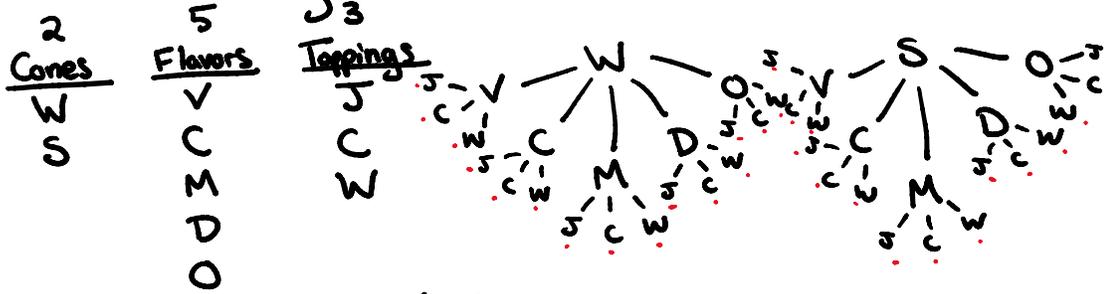


Fundamental Counting Principle (FCP)



1 cone 1 flavor 1 topping
 Total # = $2 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 30$

2 scoops of flavors (can repeat flavors) = $2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 150$
 2 scoops of flavors (no repeat flavors) = $2 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 120$

Factorials: $n! = n \cdot (n-1) \cdot (n-2) \cdot \dots \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$
 $6! = 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 720$

PERMUTATIONS
 [order matters]

vs.

COMBINATIONS
 [order does not matter]

$${}_n P_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

n = total #
 r = subset of total

$${}_n C_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)! \cdot r!}$$

ex 8 horses in a race
 How many ways can the
 top 3 horses finish?

$${}_8 P_3 = \frac{8!}{(8-3)!} = \frac{8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot \cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{1}}{\cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{1}} = 336$$

ex 8 students
 Pick 3 students to
 take a survey

$${}_8 C_3 = \frac{8!}{(8-3)! \cdot 3!} = \frac{8!}{5! \cdot 3!} = 56$$

Distinguishable Permutations:

(applicable when repeat items are present)

BANANA

$n = 6$ total letters
 A occurs 3 times
 N occurs 2 times

of total arrangements = $\frac{n!}{a! \cdot b! \cdot \dots \cdot c!}$
 ↑ ↑ ↑
 the # of times a
 repeated item occurs

$$\frac{6!}{3! \cdot 2!} = \frac{\cancel{6} \cdot \cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{1}}{\cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{1} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{1}} = \boxed{60}$$

the # of times a
repeated item occurs

$3! \cdot 2! \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1$
↑ ↑
of times # of times
A occurs N occurs