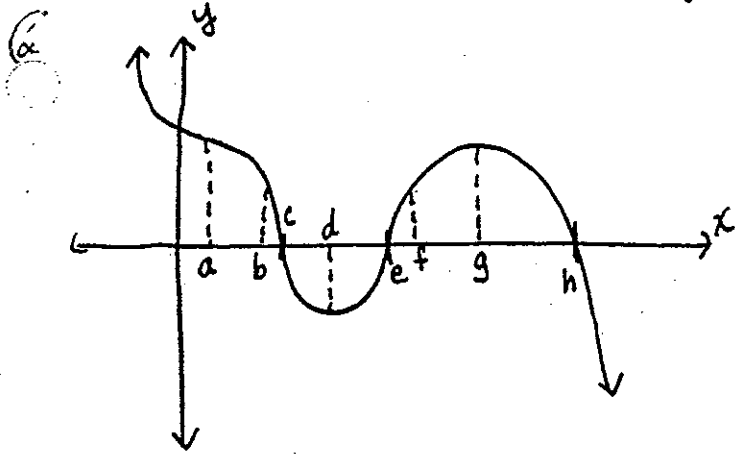


Calculus - Graphing (1st + 2nd derivatives)

① Graph the general shape of the function given $y' = x^2 - 6x + 8$



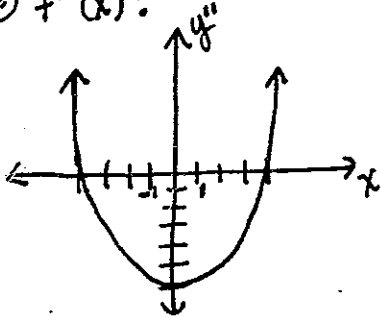
Where is:

- a.) $f'(x) = 0$
- b.) $f(x) = 0$
- c.) $f''(x) = 0$
- d.) $f(x) < 0$
- e.) $f'(x) < 0$
- f.) $f''(x) < 0$
- g.) $f'(x) > 0$
- h.) $f''(x) > 0$
- i.) $f'(x) > 0$ and $f''(x) < 0$
- j.) $f'(x) < 0$ and $f''(x) > 0$

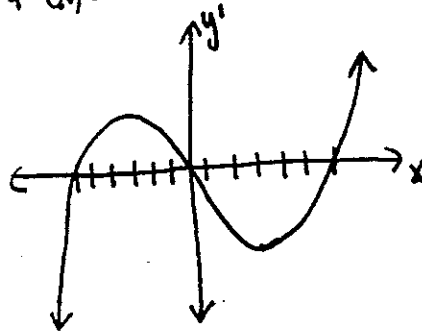
③ Draw a function with the following properties:

- $f(-3) = -4$
- $f(-2) = -1$
- $f(-1) = 2$
- $f'(x) = 0$ when $x = -1, -3$
- $f'(x) < 0$ when $x < -3$ + $x > -1$
- $f'(x) > 0$ when $-3 < x < -1$
- $f''(x) = 0$ when $x = -2$
- $f''(x) < 0$ when $x > -2$
- $f''(x) > 0$ when $x < -2$

② $f''(x)$:



$f'(x)$:



$f(-6) = -1$

$f(-4) = 2$

$f(0) = 8$

$f(4) = 2$

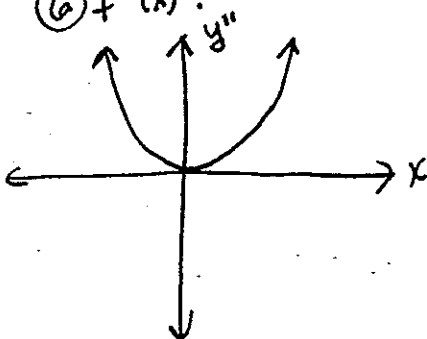
$f(6) = -1$

Sketch $f(x)$

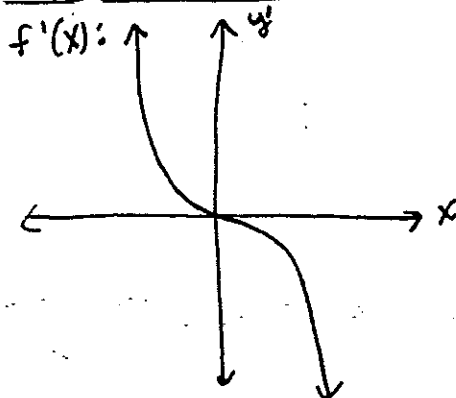
⑤ Draw a function with the following properties:

- $f(-5) = 0$
- $f'(x) < 0$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$
- $f''(x) = 0$ when $x = -5$
- $f''(x) < 0$ when $x < -5$
- $f''(x) > 0$ when $x > -5$

⑥ $f''(x)$:



$f'(x)$:



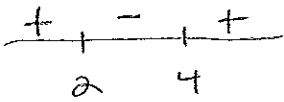
$f(0) = -3$

1.

$$y' = x^2 - 6x + 8$$

$$0 = (x-4)(x-2)$$

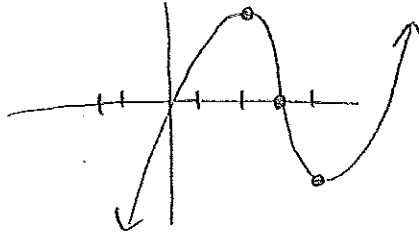
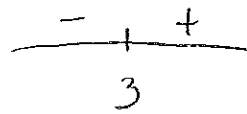
$$x = 2, 4$$



$$y'' = 2x - 6$$

$$0 = 2x - 6$$

$$x = 3$$



2.

a.) d, g

g.) $[d, g]$

b.) c, e, h

h.) $(-\infty, a) (b, f)$

c.) a, b, f

i.) (f, g)

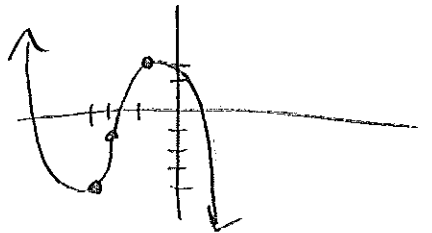
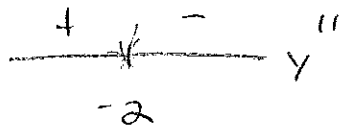
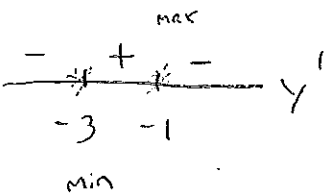
d.) $[b, c] \cup [h, \infty)$

j.) $(-\infty, a) (b, d)$

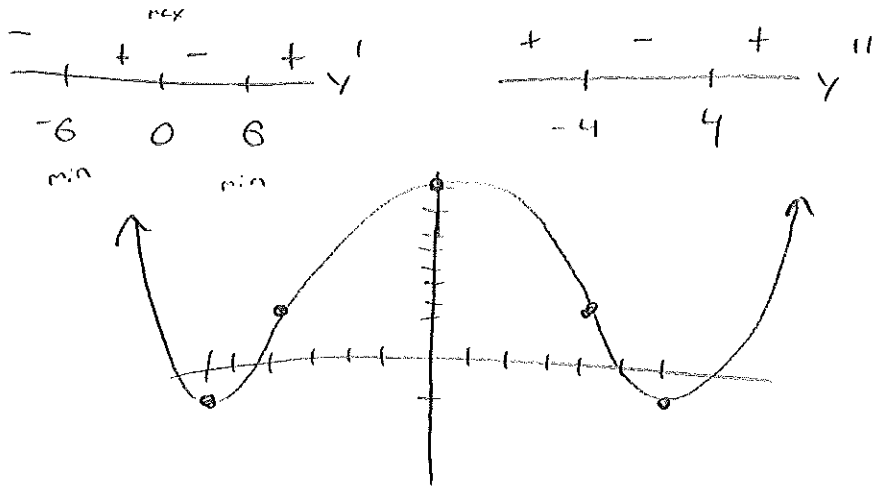
e.) $(-\infty, d] \cup [g, \infty)$

f.) $(a, b) (f, \infty)$

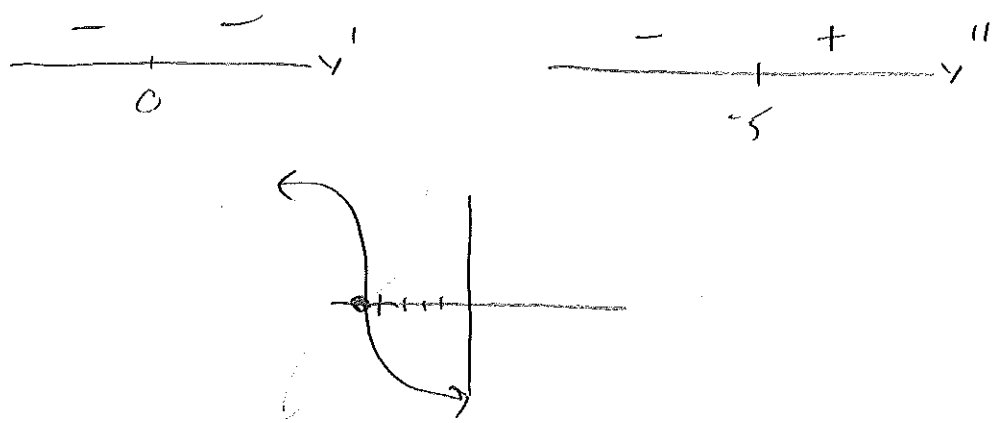
3.



4.



5.



6.

