2.19.20

Electricity: Safety, Electrical Power

# Today's Objectives:

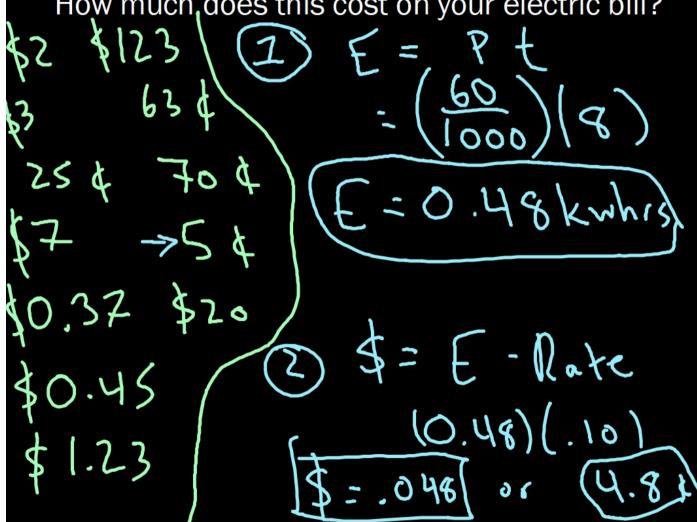
- Review modern safety equipment
- Learn which state has the most expensive electricity
- How to calculate electric power
- How electric bills get calculated
- Get comfortable with 2 step problems



# Power

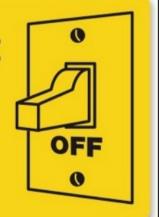
If you leave a 60 Watt light bulb on for 8 hours...

How much does this cost on your electric bill?



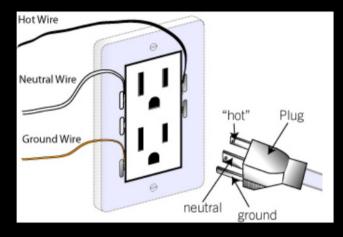






When you plug in a device, you are using

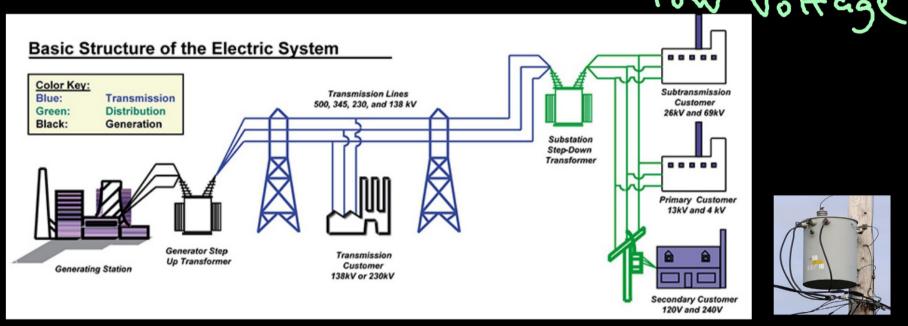
Alternating Current (AC)



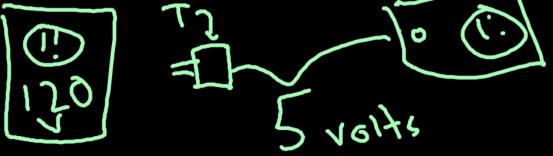
When you are using a device with a battery, you are using Direct (uxxxxxx)



Electrical Devices
Transformer - Changes high Voltage to



Special Power Cords - contain a transformer



# **Safety Devices**

\* If too many amps flow, automatically shuts off \*

### Circuit Breaker



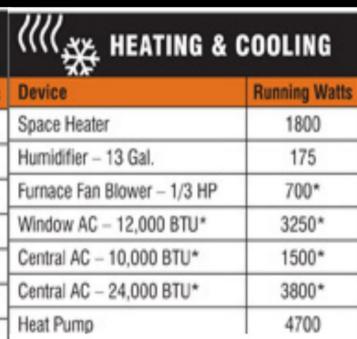
#### **GFI Outlet**



Electric Power - how fast an appliance uses up
measured in units of $\frac{\text{Watts}}{50,000}$ $= 1006$ kilo = 1,000 $= 1006$
Equation  P: power (waths)  T: current (amps)  V: voltage (volts)

# The more watts a device uses, the more expensive it is to use.

FOR THE HOME		
Device	Running Watts	
Light Bulbs - 60 / 70 Watt	60/70	
Well Pump	1000	
Refrigerator / Freezer	700	
Microwave - 1000 Watts	1500	
Coffee Maker	1000	
Electric Stove - 8" Element	2100	
Color TV - 27"	500	
Security System	500	
Computer with a 17" Monitor	800	
1/2 HP Garage Door	875	
Sump Pump 1/2 HP*	2100	



, FOR EVENTS	
Device	Running Watts
Radio / CD / DVD Players	50 - 200
Inflator Pump	50*
Electric Grill	1650
Box Fan	200
Outdoor Light String	250



# Lightbulb Comparison



Savings = \$5.67 per bulb per year







Brightness is the same!

## **Electric Energy**

1kW = 1,000 watts

When you get your electric bill, you get charged in units of

Kilowatt. hours





