

# European Studies Final Exam Review

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## Across

1. Belief that evolutionary theory can be applied to economics and politics- ie. rich are rich because they are "better"
5. By introducing Perestroika and Glasnost, this Soviet leader led the way for the collapse of the communist system
7. A French nobleman who believed that the powers of government should be separated among three branches of government
12. \_\_\_\_\_ rejects reason, emphasizes heroic individualism, celebrates nature, & glorifies the past (pre-industrial age)
14. During the Cold War, a military alliance between the Soviet Union and Eastern European countries (satellite states)
5. Brutal communist dictator: killed rivals in purges, forced collective farms, & established harsh economic 5 Year Plans
19. Defeat of this naval regiment helped Elizabeth to gain power
20. Catherine the Great was an Enlightened \_\_\_\_: religious tolerance, honored the great writers, & still kept complete control
21. English king whose demand for money from Parliament & religious policies led to the Civil War
22. This country is the largest and strongest nation that is still ruled by a communist government
23. When this came down in 1989, it was a dramatic demonstration of the collapse of communism in the 20th century
24. Under the leadership of the \_\_\_\_\_, all modern art was banned, instead German myths and Wagnerian operas were favored
27. Louis XIV vast palace-completely unfortified, dominated French political and cultural life
29. Kaiser \_\_\_\_ of Germany policies led to WWI: threatened Britain's naval & imperial superiority, & formed the Triple Alliance
32. Delegates to \_\_\_\_\_ hoped to restore Europe's boundaries to pre-Napoleon & surround France with strong nations
36. Name given to the planned extermination of the Jewish race- concentration camps with gas chambers, starvation & torture
37. To make clear the limits of royal power, in 1689 Parliament wrote the Bill of \_\_\_\_\_
38. Russians turned against the Czar because of the mismanagement of the gov., loss of men - WWI, & the massacre called \_\_\_\_\_
41. The British and Prussian armies will defeat Napoleon at this battle in 1815
42. Follower of John Calvin, spread Calvinism to Scotland.
43. Hitler believed that this race was superior to all others- the people who fit this were people of Germanic ethnicity
46. Both Romanticism and Nationalism glorify the \_\_\_\_\_
48. English philosopher who reasoned that an absolute monarchy, having complete power, was best.
49. England's "Virgin Queen" used promises of marriage to wield power; wanted loyalty from her subjects; non-religious
52. The event that symbolically and politically started the French Revolution: The Storming of the \_\_\_\_\_
55. Churchill called the border between democratic Western Europe and communist Eastern Europe the \_\_\_\_\_
56. The invention of the \_\_\_\_\_ made the Bible available, spread religious ideas, & provided a vehicle for criticism of Church
58. Radical reforms during the Reign of \_\_\_\_: changing the calendar, closing the churches, & executing enemies of Republic
59. The communist countries of Eastern Europe (Poland, Hungary etc) policies were dictated by the USSR- called \_\_\_\_\_
60. Copernicus heliocentric model of the universe argued that the \_\_\_\_ was at the center, his views angered the Church
61. Peter the Great's main goal was to modernize \_\_\_\_\_; built St Petersburg, published a newspaper, "westernized" nobles
66. The \_\_\_\_\_ of Nantes protected French Huguenots (Protestants) from persecution
67. Policy of conquering and ruling other lands- Europe felt it was superior and had the right to take over Africa & Asia
71. Wrote The Social Contract=believed that liberty was everyone's birthright, yet many were oppressed
73. The starting point for the Renaissance because of its urban centers, powerful merchants & trade, & patronage of the arts

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74. Belief: individuals were subordinated to the state, nations should struggle for supremacy, one-party rule w/ dictator
76. The country where the Industrial Rev. took root- stable gov., steady food supply, natural resources, enclosure movement
78. The Third \_\_\_ goals: take over inferior people (Slavs, Jews), expand German land (Czech, Poland) & last 1000 Years
79. Chamberlain believed that \_\_\_ would work- give Hitler Sudetenland and he will be satisfied and stop his aggressions
82. The Hungarian Revolution, the building of the \_\_\_ wall, and the Czech uprising were all examples of Soviet repression
83. Radicals lost support of the people during the Reign of Terror because of the amount of mass \_\_\_\_\_
85. Japanese did not surrender after the atomic bomb on Hiroshima, instead one more needed to be dropped on \_\_\_\_\_
86. Established by Treaty of Versailles & not accepted by the US (afraid our troops would be ordered to fight) goal: keep peace
89. The Treaty of Versailles made Germany pay \_\_\_\_\_, restricted the military, & took land away (left Ger. out of L. of N.)
90. East and West Germany were \_\_\_\_\_ in the early 1990's because East Germany was no longer a communist country
91. In an effort to build a stronger, more cooperative Europe, this economic

alliance was formed in the late 20th cent.

## Down

2. Scientist that is considered the bridge between the Scientific Revolution and the Age of Reason- gravitation
3. Wrote THE PRINCE: believed that in politics the ends justify the means & it is better to be feared than love
4. Spanish ruler who was devoutly Catholic, tried to marry Elizabeth, & crush Protestantism- especially in the Netherlands
6. The \_\_\_ Pact between Germany and USSR said that neither would attack each other and they would split Eastern Europe
8. Most well known of the philosophes, visited with Frederick II of Prussia
9. French religious reformer who believed in predestination- set up a theocracy in his model city of Geneva.
10. European countries pursued imperialism so that they could obtain \_\_\_\_\_, make finished products, and sell the goods back
11. The Age of Exploration resulted in the colonization of the \_\_\_\_\_, trade beyond the Mediterranean Sea, & knowledge of world
13. Period in European history when the Catholic Church will be questioned causing a split between Protestants and Catholics
16. Peter the Great and Louis XIV were both \_\_\_\_\_ monarchs- the king or queen has unlimited power.
17. Leader whose weak leadership of France will be a cause of the French

- Revolution. (married to Marie Antoinette)
18. His studies of motion threatened Church doctrine so much that they put him on trial and made him recant his views.
25. Adam \_\_\_ believed strongly in free-trade, came up with the idea of supply and demand
26. WWI was a \_\_\_ war: soldiers drafted, propaganda used, countries' resources focused on war effort, food rationed etc...
28. D-Day was the beginning of the Allies victories in Europe, the forces landed on the beaches of \_\_\_\_\_ in France
30. This leader of the Bolsheviks became the first Communist leader of Russia
31. English philosopher who believed that government should protect peoples rights to life, liberty, and property
33. Feeling from a group of people who share similar history, culture & language whose main goal is to form a nation-state
34. 1848 was a year of \_\_\_\_\_ as many wanted to undo the work of the Congress of Vienna and get rid of old empires
35. The Mensheviks & \_\_\_ were both factions of the Social Democrats who believed in Marxism & revolution led by urban workers
37. Cavour used this strategy to unite Italy- a type of cynical, calculating diplomacy in which idealism played no part
39. Pardons for your sins from the Church, the selling of these angered Martin Luther
40. German monk who challenged the Church and started the Protestant

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- Reformation.- Wrote the 95 Theses
44. English \_\_\_\_\_ Revolution, or Bloodless Revolution: William and Mary accepted limits to their royal power
45. In response to the Reformation, Catholic leaders hoped to stop the spread of Protestantism & strengthen the Catholic Church
47. One cause of the French Rev. was the disparity between the \_\_\_\_\_ 1st and 2nd \_\_\_\_\_ controlled the power and the wealth
48. English king who broke with the Roman Catholic Church because they would not allow him to divorce.
50. The power of the \_\_\_\_\_, the Church's political role, & the wealth and corruption of the Church all spurred the Reformation
51. Napoleon will become the Emperor of France because the people will vote for him in a \_\_\_\_\_
53. Post WWII until 1990- a climate of icy tension between the superpowers of the USA and the USSR
54. Bismarck was wary of an alliance between \_\_\_\_\_ & Russia because Germany would have enemies on both of its borders
57. Period of rebirth of culture and artistic creativity -inspired by classical Greek and Roman ideas combined w/ new ideas
62. Communism calls for the abolition of this type of property
63. Napoleon's invasion of Russia is a failure because of the slash and burn policy & the harsh conditions of this season
64. Stalin's rule: no religion, random arrests and executions of potential threats, a command economy, collective farms
65. Passed in 1679 by Parliament, this law gave every prisoner the right to be brought before a judge.
67. Oliver Cromwell defeated the Royalists in the English Civil War, established a military dictatorship, and conquered \_\_\_\_\_
68. The Age of \_\_\_\_\_ is a result of a desire for spices, the Renaissance spirit, new technology and Christian zeal.
69. One reason for the Russian Revolution was that the czars were \_\_\_\_\_ - a ruler who had unlimited power
70. Believed that communism would be achieved when workers overthrew the bourgeoisie & took control of means of production
72. He led for Louis XIII- believed that France was threatened by independence of Huguenots, noble's power, & Hapsburg power
75. Louis XIV was an absolute \_\_\_\_\_; extravagant palace yet costly wars, revoked the Edict of Nantes, etc
77. The ideal Renaissance man- talented artist, scientist, and inventor.
80. When Hitler invaded this country, England and France declared war on Germany
81. Period when scholars believed in the use of reason to help society to progress toward liberty and justice
84. The economic changes of the Commercial Revolution (move towards trade & capitalism) started in this country
87. Deliberate and calculated attempt to kill an entire people such as Jews and Gypsies
88. According to Karl Marx, history is controlled by this- ie. conflicts between the haves and have nots

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