

2. $\omega = ?$ $\omega = \frac{v}{r} = \frac{22.2 \text{ m/s}}{0.375 \text{ m}} = 59.3 \text{ rad/s}$

$\alpha = ?$ $\omega_f^2 = \omega_o^2 + 2\alpha(\Delta\theta)$

$\omega_o = 59.3 \text{ rad/s}$

$\omega_f = 0$

$\Delta\theta = 30 \text{ rev}$

$$\frac{\omega_f^2 - \omega_o^2}{2\Delta\theta} = \alpha$$

$$\frac{0 - (59.3)^2}{2(30(2\pi))} = \alpha$$

$$-9.31 \text{ rad/s}^2 = \alpha$$

$d = ?$ $d = s$ $s = \Delta\theta r$

$$= 30(2\pi)(0.375)$$

$$d = 70.7 \text{ m}$$

3. $W = ?$ $V_{com} = 0.150 \text{ m/s}$ hoop
 $m = 140 \text{ kg}$

$$K_o + W_{nc} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} I_P \omega^2 + W = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (I_{com} + mh^2) \frac{v^2}{r^2} + W = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (mr^2 + mr^2) \frac{v^2}{r^2} + W = 0$$

$$(mr^2) \frac{v^2}{r^2} + W = 0$$

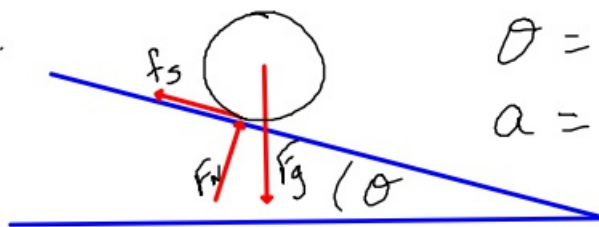
$$mv^2 + W = 0$$

$$W = -mv^2$$

$$= -(140)(0.15)^2$$

$$\underline{W = -3.15 \text{ J}}$$

4.



$$\theta = ?$$

$$a = 0.1g$$

$$\alpha_P = \frac{\sum \tau_P}{I_P}$$

$$\frac{a}{r} = \frac{(r)(F_g) \sin \phi}{I_{com} + mh^2}$$

$$a = \frac{(r^2) mg \sin \theta}{\frac{2}{5} mr^2 + mr^2}$$

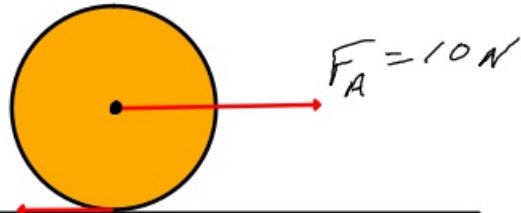
$$a = \frac{g \sin \theta}{\frac{7}{5}} = \frac{5}{7} g \sin \theta$$

$$0.1g = \frac{5}{7} g \sin \theta$$

$$0.1 = \frac{5}{7} \sin \theta$$

$$\boxed{8.05^\circ = \theta}$$

11.



$$f_s = ? \quad m = 10 \text{ kg} \quad r = 0.3 \text{ m}$$

$$a_{\text{com}} = 0.60 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$f_s = ?$$

$$\Sigma F_x = ma_x$$

$$F_A - f_s = ma_x$$

$$10 - f_s = 10(0.6)$$

$$f_s = 4 \text{ N}$$

$$f_s = -4 \text{ N} \uparrow$$

$$b) I_{\text{com}} = ?$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\Sigma \tau_{\text{com}}}{I_{\text{com}}}$$

$$\frac{a}{r} = \frac{\vec{r} \times \vec{f}_s}{I_{\text{com}}}$$

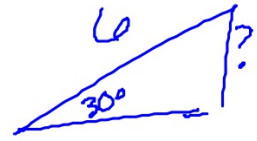
$$a = \frac{(r^2)(f_s) \sin 90^\circ}{I_{\text{com}}}$$

$$I_{\text{com}} = \frac{r^2 f_s}{a} = \frac{(0.3)^2 (4)}{0.6}$$

$$I_{\text{com}} = 0.60 \text{ kg m}^2$$

7. $\omega_f = ?$

$$U_{g_i} = K_{\text{rot}} + K_{\text{tran}}$$



$$mgh_i = \frac{1}{2} I_{\text{com}} \omega^2 + \frac{1}{2} m V_{\text{com}}^2$$

$$\cancel{m}gh_i = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \cancel{m} r^2 \right) \omega^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cancel{m} \omega^2 r^2$$

$$gh_i = \frac{3}{4} r^2 \omega^2$$

$$(9.8)(3) = \frac{3}{4} (0.1)^2 \omega^2$$

$$\omega = 62.6 \text{ rad/s}$$

12. $\Delta x = ?$ (for projectile)

$$U_{g_i} = K_f$$

$$mgh_i = \frac{1}{2}mv_{com}^2 + \frac{1}{2}I_{com}\omega^2$$

$$mgh_i = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2}{5}mR^2\right)\frac{v^2}{R^2}$$

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{2}{10}mv^2$$

$$\cancel{m}gh = \frac{7}{10}\cancel{m}v^2$$

$$\frac{10}{7}gh = v^2$$

$$\frac{10}{7}(9)(4) = v^2 \quad \underline{v = 7.48 \text{ m/s}}$$

now do a type

I projectile

$$\frac{x}{a=0}$$

$$\frac{y}{a=-9.8\text{m/s}^2}$$

$$\Delta x = 4.8\text{m}$$