

Practice A

For use with pages 576–582

Write the polynomial in standard form.

1. $3x + 4x^2 - 5$

2. $5x^2 + 4 - 3x$

3. $x - 7x^3 + 2$

4. $8 + 2x + 4x^2$

5. $5x^2 + 4x^3 - 2x$

6. $-4x + 7x^4 - 5x^3 + 1$

7. $3x - 7 + 2x^2$

8. $7x - 2$

9. $-x + 2x^2 + x^3 - 2$

Identify the leading coefficient, and classify the polynomial by degree and by number of terms.

10. 14

11. $2x + 3$

12. $-3x^2 + 6x - 2$

13. $x^3 - 5$

14. $1 - x^4$

15. $x^2 + 4x - x^4 + 3x^3 - 8$

16. $2x^2 - 5x + 1$

17. $2 + x^2$

18. $x - x^3 + 3x^2 + 9$

Use a vertical format to add or subtract.

19. $(x^2 + 2x + 7) + (4x^2 + x - 3)$

20. $(5x^2 - 2x + 4) + (-2x^2 + 3x - 1)$

21. $(5n^2 + 2n + 3) - (n + 2)$

22. $(6n^2 + 4n + 6) - (5n^2 + n + 2)$

23. $(2a^3 - 4a^2 + 7) + (-2a^2 + a - 3)$

24. $(4n^2 - 6n + 5) - (8n^2 + n + 3)$

Use a horizontal format to add or subtract.

25. $(x^2 + 2x + 1) + (x - 3)$

26. $(3m^2 + 2m + 1) - (-2m^2 + 4m)$

27. $(7x + 1) - (-x^2 + 3x - 5)$

28. $(5x^2 - 9) + (-3x^2 + 5x + 9)$

29. $(7x^3 - 8x^2 + 4) + (9x^2 + 5x + 2)$

30. $(n^2 - 2n) - (-5n^2 + 3n - 1)$

Use a vertical format or a horizontal format to add or subtract.

31. $(2x^3 + 5x) + (7x^2 - x + 2)$

32. $(-2x^2 - 7x + 3) - (-5x^2 + 3x - 7)$

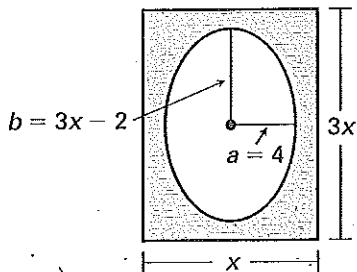
33. $(3 + 7x) + (13x - 4)$

34. $(x^3 + x^2 + x + 1) + (-x^2 - x - 1)$

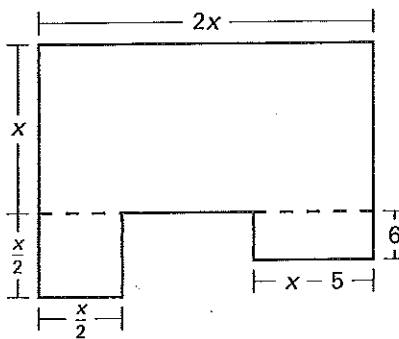
35. $(2x^2 + 3) - (6x + 4) + (3x^2 - x)$

36. $(x^2 - x + 3) - (-3x^2 + 5x - 2)$

37. **Photograph Mat** A mat in a frame has an opening for a photograph (see figure). Find an expression for the area of the mat. (Area of opening: $A = \pi ab$).



38. **Floor Plan** The first floor of a home has the floor plan shown below. Find an expression in standard form for the area of the first floor.



Practice B

For use with pages 576–582

Identify the leading coefficient, and classify the polynomial by degree and by number of terms.

- | | | |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. 12 | 2. $5x - 2$ | 3. $-4x^2 + 7x - 1$ |
| 4. $5x^3 - 2$ | 5. $4 - 3x^4$ | 6. $x^2 + 5x + 2x^4 + x^3 - 2$ |
| 7. $6 - 3x^3$ | 8. $5x^2 + 3x - 4$ | 9. $7x - x^5 + 3x^2 + 1$ |

Use a vertical format to add or subtract.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 10. $(3x^2 - 4x + 1) + (-x^2 + x - 9)$ | 11. $(-8x^2 - 3x + 7) + (-x^3 + 6x^2 - 5)$ |
| 12. $(-4x^3 - 8x^2 + 5x + 9) - (6x^2 + 2x - 4)$ | 13. $(6x - 5) + (4x^3 - 3x + 4)$ |
| 14. $(-3 + 4n^2) - (5 - 2n^3)$ | 15. $(x - 4x^2 + 7) - (-5x^2 + 5x - 3)$ |

Use a horizontal format to add or subtract.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 16. $(x^2 + 1) + (-4x^2 + 5)$ | 17. $(3x^2 + 4) - (x^2 - 5x + 2)$ |
| 18. $(3t^2 - 8t + 2) - (-3t^2 + 5t - 7)$ | 19. $(9x^3 - 5x^2 + x) + (6x^2 + 5x - 10)$ |
| 20. $(5x^2 + x^3 + 6) + (x^2 + 5 - 6x)$ | 21. $12 - (-5x^2 + x - 7)$ |

Use a vertical format or a horizontal format to add or subtract.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 22. $(5x^3 - 3x) - (7x^2 - 3x + 1)$ | 23. $(2x^3 + 4) - (-x^2 + 3x)$ |
| 24. $(m + 3m^3 - 4m^5) + (2m^3 + 5m^5 - 4)$ | 25. $(x^2 + 1) + (-3x^2 - 7) - (x^2 + 5)$ |
| 26. $(5x^2 + 4) - (3x + 7) + (2x^2 - 1)$ | 27. $2(x^2 - 4x + 5) - (x^2 + 6x - 1)$ |
28. **Profit** For 1990 through 2000, the revenue R and cost C of producing a product can be modeled by

$$R = \frac{1}{3}t^2 + \frac{20}{3}t + 300$$

$$C = \frac{1}{15}t^2 + \frac{13}{3}t + 200$$

where t is the number of years since 1990.

Find a model for the profit P earned from 1990 to 2000. (*Hint:* Profit = Revenue - Cost)

29. **Library Books** For 1990 through 2000, the number of fiction books F (in 10,000s) and nonfiction books N (in 10,000s) borrowed from a library can be modeled by

$$F = 0.01t^2 + 0.09t + 6$$

$$N = 0.004t^2 + 0.06t + 4$$

where t is the number of years since 1990. Find a model for the total number of books borrowed B from the library in a year from 1990 to 2000.

Practice C

For use with pages 576–582

Identify the leading coefficient, and classify the polynomial by degree and by number of terms.

- | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. -4 | 2. $3x - 1$ | 3. $-x^2 + 6x - 2$ |
| 4. $7x^3 - 5x$ | 5. $6 - 2x^3$ | 6. $x^3 - 5x + 2x^5 - x^4 - 7$ |
| 7. $6 + 3x^4$ | 8. $-x^2 + 6x - 2$ | 9. $3x - x^4 + 3x^3 - 5x^2$ |

Use a vertical format to add or subtract.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 10. $(2a^2 - 4a + 3) + (6a^2 + 4a - 3)$ | 11. $(-4x^3 - 7x + 5) + (-x^2 + 6x - 1)$ |
| 12. $(-2x^3 + 3x^2 + x + 2) - (x^2 - x + 4)$ | 13. $(9x - 2) + (2x^4 - 5x + 1)$ |
| 14. $(7m^2 - 3m + 8) - (-3m^2 - 6m + 1)$ | 15. $(-3 + 2n^2 + 5n^5) - (4 - n^3 + 2n^2 + n^5)$ |

Use a horizontal format to add or subtract.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 16. $(5x^2 + 2x - 1) + 8x^2$ | 17. $(5n^2 + 9) - (n^2 - 8n - 5)$ |
| 18. $(n^2 - 6n) + (-2n^2 + 5n + 2)$ | 19. $(5t^3 - 2t^2 + t) - (-4t^3 + t^2 + 3)$ |
| 20. $(7x^2 + x^3 + 9) + (4x^2 + 2 - 5x)$ | 21. $(6x - 3x^2 + 1) - (9x - 4 - 3x^2)$ |

Use a vertical format or a horizontal format to add or subtract.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 22. $(3n^3 - 5n) - (2n^2 - 4n + 7)$ | 23. $(x^3 + 4x) - (2x - x^2)$ |
| 24. $(3m + m^3 - 2m^5) + (7m^3 + m^5 - 1)$ | 25. $(x^2 + 1) + (x^2 - 1) - (x^2 + 1)$ |
| 26. $(6x - 5) - (8x + 15) + (3x - 4)$ | 27. $(2x^2 + 1) + (x^2 - 2x + 1) - (2x^2 + 8)$ |
| 28. $-(x^3 - 2) + (4x^3 - 2x) - (2x^2 + 3)$ | 29. $-(5n^2 - 1) - (-3n^2 + 5) - (n^2 - n)$ |
| 30. $2(t^2 + 5) - 3(t^2 + 5) + 5(t^2 + 5)$ | 31. $-10(u + 1) + 8(u - 1) - 3(u + 6)$ |

32. **Retail Sales** For 1990 through 2000, the total sales (in billions) for retail stores R and for durable-goods stores D can be modeled by

$$R = -0.21t^2 + 31.6t + 357.4$$

$$D = 0.26t^2 + 2.9t + 343$$

where t is the number of years since 1990. Find a model for the sales of non-durable goods stores N . (Hint: Retail sales = durable goods sales + non-durable goods sales)

33. **Profit** For 1990 through 2000, the revenue R and cost C of producing a product can be modeled by

$$R = \frac{3}{4}t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t + 108$$

$$C = \frac{7}{12}t^2 + \frac{5}{6}t + 94$$

where t is the number of years since 1990. Find a model for the profit P earned from 1990 to 2000. (Hint: Profit = Revenue - Cost)