

LAW OF SINES

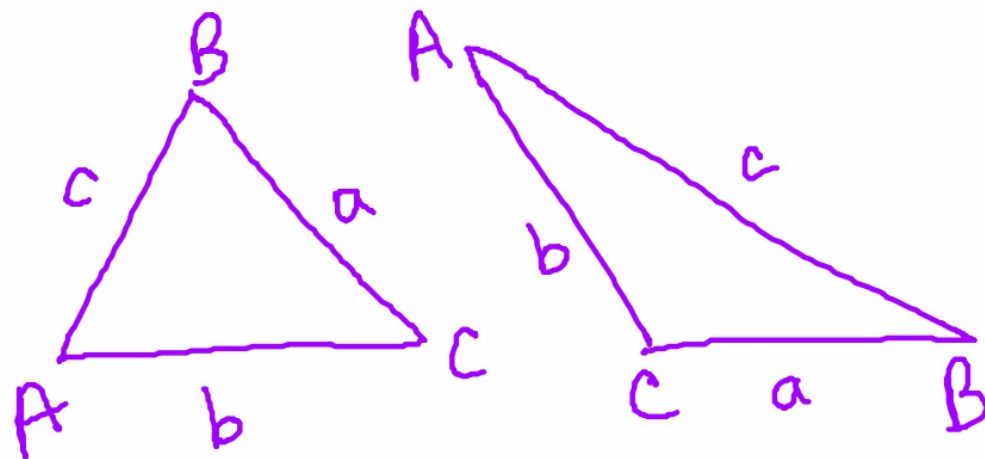
Section 6.1

LAW OF SINES

- Used to solve for missing parts of a non-right triangle

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

- Show triangles



GIVEN 2 ANGLES, 1 SIDE

1.) $\angle B = 28.7^\circ$

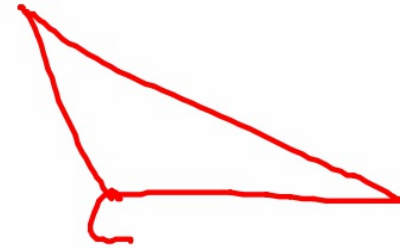
$\angle C = 102.3^\circ$

$b = 27.4$

$\angle A = 49^\circ$

$a = 43.06$

$c = 55.75$



$$\frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{\sin A}{a}$$

$$\frac{27.4}{\sin 28.7^\circ} = \frac{\sin 49^\circ}{a}$$

$$49 = a \cdot \sin 28.7$$

$$\frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$\frac{\sin 28.7}{27.4} = \frac{\sin 102.3}{c}$$

$$27.4 \cdot \sin 102.3 = c \cdot \sin 28.7$$

GIVEN 2 ANGLES, 1 SIDE

$$2.) \angle A = 43^\circ$$

$$\angle B = 98^\circ$$

$$c = 20$$

$$\angle C = 39^\circ$$

$$a = 21.67$$

$$b = 31.47$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin C} = \frac{a}{\sin A}$$

$$\frac{20}{\sin 39} = \frac{a}{\sin 43}$$

$$20 \cdot \sin 43 = a \cdot \sin 39$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin C} = \frac{b}{\sin B}$$

$$\frac{20}{\sin 39} = \frac{b}{\sin 98}$$

$$20 \cdot \sin 98 = b \cdot \sin 39$$

GIVEN 1 ANGLES, 2 SIDES

⊙ Pg 432- read the examples in the box

⊙ Given $\angle A, a, b$

- If $a > b$ \longrightarrow 1 solution
- If $h < a < b$ \longrightarrow 2 solutions
 - $h = b \cdot \sin A$
- Any other \longrightarrow No solution

GIVEN 1 ANGLES, 2 SIDES

1.) $\angle A = 42^\circ$ $\angle B = 21.41^\circ$
 $a = 22$ $\angle C = 116.59^\circ$
 $b = 12$ $c = 29.40$

Since "a" is $>$ "b" \rightarrow 1 solution

$$\frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin A}{a}$$

$$12 = \frac{22 \cdot \sin B}{22}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{12}{22}$$

$$B = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{22}\right)$$

$$\angle B = 21.41^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$\frac{\sin 42}{22} = \frac{\sin 116.59}{c}$$

5 GIVEN 1 ANGLES, 2 SIDES

$$2.) \angle A = 85^\circ \quad \angle B =$$

sol. $a = 15$ $\angle C =$
 $b = 25$ $c =$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B}$$

$$\frac{15}{\sin 85} = \frac{25}{\sin B}$$

$$\frac{15 \cdot \sin 85}{15} = \frac{25 \cdot \sin B}{25}$$

No Solution

GIVEN 1 ANGLES, 2 SIDES

→ Supplementary
180°

3.) $\angle A = 20.5^\circ$

$a = 12$

$b = 31$

$\angle B = 64.78^\circ$

$\angle C = 94.72^\circ$

$c = 34.15$

$\angle B' = 115.22^\circ$

$\angle C' = 44.28^\circ$

$c' = 23.92$

$$\frac{\sin 20.5}{12} = \frac{\sin 44.28}{c'}$$

~~$\frac{\sin 20.5}{12} = \frac{\sin B}{31}$~~

~~$\frac{\sin 20.5}{12} = \frac{\sin 94.72}{c}$~~

CLASSWORK:

Pg 436# 1-6, 25, 35

9, 15, 17

HOMEWORK:

- Pg 436 # 9, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23