#### 4.2 The Growth of Medieval Towns

1. Where were towns in medieval Europe often located, and why?

Towns were often located next to <u>waterways</u>, which made <u>trade/travel</u> easier.

2. What contributed to the growth of towns in medieval Europe?

Improved methods of <u>farming</u> and the revival of <u>trade</u> with the east contributed to the growth of towns.

3. What rights did a charter give townspeople? A charter allowed the members of a medieval town to govern themselves.

# CRAFTS

### THE CRAFTS AND CULTURE OF A MEDIEVAL GUILD

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#### 4.3 Guilds



1. What were guilds? Why were they established? Guilds were associations of people who practiced the same <u>job</u>. They were set up to make sure their members were treated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and produced \_\_\_\_\_\_ goods. 2. How did a person become a member of a guild? Around age <u>12</u>, a person who wanted to learn a trade became an <u>apprentice</u>. After 7 years, the guild examined a sample of his work. If it met their <u>approval</u>, he was allowed to join the guild. masterpiece 3. How did guilds help members and families of members? Guilds provided them with <u>help</u> and protection in times of need.

## 4.4 Trade and Commerce



*1. What role did merchants play in the growth of medieval European towns?* 

By selling <u>food</u> and <u>local goods</u>, merchants attracted more people to medieval towns.

2. How did merchants become the most wealthy and powerful members of towns?

Merchants became wealthy and powerful by selling a variety of goods from <u>the east</u>, dominating the town's <u>business</u> life, and joining town <u>councils</u>.

*3. How were Jewish people often mistreated in medieval Europe?* 

Because of hostility, Jews found it hard to earn a living by farming \_\_\_\_\_\_, and sometimes they were the victims of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Rulers took their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ land whenever they wanted

## 4.5 Homes and Households



1. Why were the homes of most town dwellers uncomfortable?

Rooms were cold, smoky, and dim becausefireplacewere the main source of heat andlight.

2. Why was growing up in medieval towns difficult?
 Almost half of all children died \_. Those who survived began preparing for their adult roles at age \_7\_\_\_.

3. How were the lives of medieval girls different from those of modern girls?

Medieval Girls	Modern Girls
Married by 15 years old Home schooledonly learned how to cook, make clothing, and take care of her house and family	

#### 4.6 Disease and Medical Treatment



1. How did unhealthy living conditions and medical knowledge affect life in medieval European towns?

Unhealthy living conditions and the lack of understanding of how <u>disease</u> spread caused many illnesses and <u>death</u>.

2. What were some common practices used by medieval doctors?

They used prayer, magic, <u>herbs</u> medicines, and <u>bleeding</u>, which including the use of leeches.

*3. What group was sometimes blamed when an outbreak of a disease occurred?* 

\_\_\_\_\_\_Jews\_\_\_\_ were sometimes blamed for outbreaks of diseases.

## 4.7 Crime and Punishment



Why were towns in medieval Europe dangerous places?
 Towns were <u>candle lantern</u> lit, and streets were filled with <u>pick pockets</u> and thieves.

2. What were two methods for deciding the guilt or innocence of accused criminals in the Early Middle Ages?

Trial by <u>ordeal</u>: accused had to pass a <u>dangerous</u> test Trial by <u>combat</u>: accused had to <u>fight & win</u> to prove innocence.

*3. What were some ways criminals were punished in medieval Europe?* 

Fines and the <u>stocks</u> were used to punish those found guilty of minor crimes. Those convicted of more serious crimes were <u>hanged</u> or <u>burnt</u> at the stake.

4. How did the way in which those accused of crimes were treated begin to improve in the 12th century?

Beginning in the 12th century, <u>royal courts</u> were used to determine a person's innocence or guilt.

#### 4.8 Leisure and Entertainment

people



1. What were some games that were popular with children in medieval Europe?

Children played with dolls and toys, such as <u>wooden sword</u> and <u>hobby horse</u>. They also rolled hoops and played <u>badminton</u>, lawn bowling, and blind man's bluff.

2. What were some leisure activities enjoyed by adults in medieval Europe?

Adults liked chess, checkers, and <u>backgammon</u>. Card games, dice games, and <u>dancing</u> were also popular.

3. How did the church's attitude toward mystery and miracle plays differ from that of most townspeople?
The \_\_\_\_\_\_ church \_\_\_\_\_ disapproved of them, but most